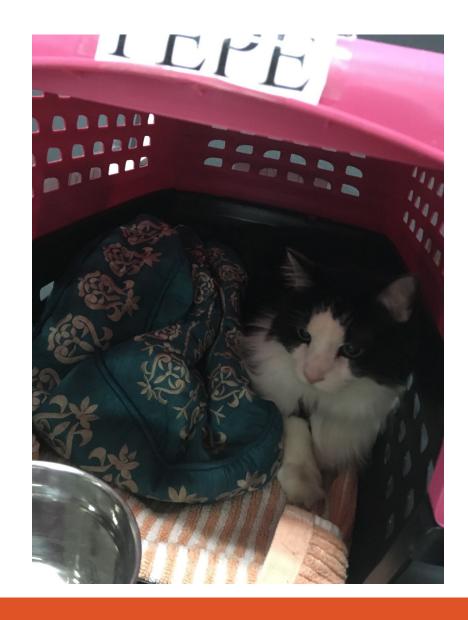
BRINGING PETS TO SPAIN





From Panama...



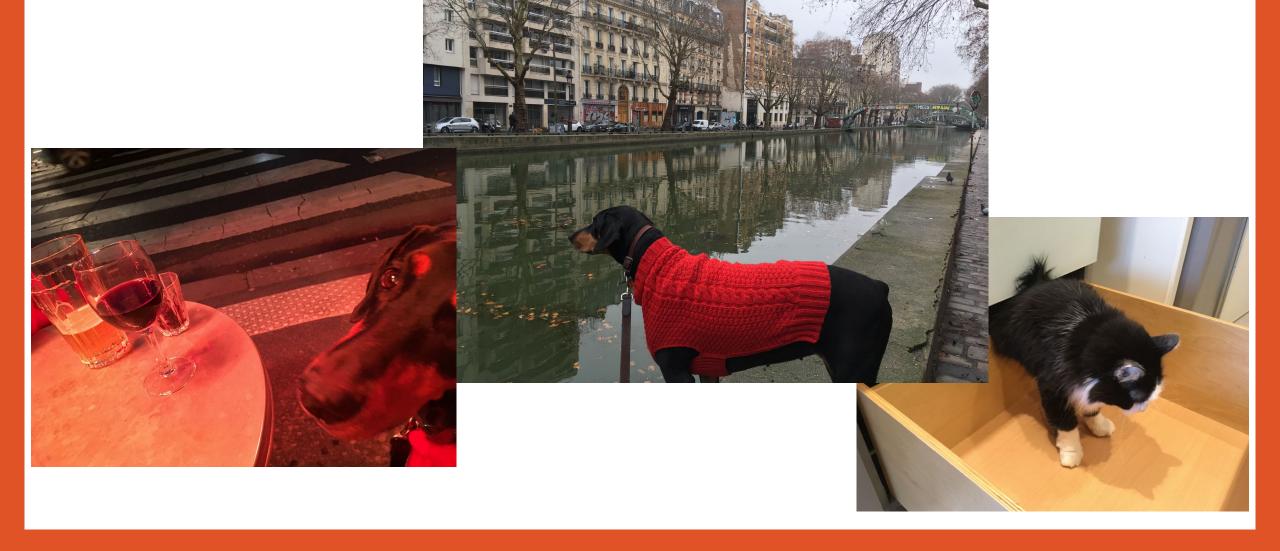


To Paris!





And Happy At (New) Home!



Spain Is Dog Friendly...

- Dog parks aplenty
- Fountains everywhere
- Restaurants welcoming
- Some beaches are dog-friendly (and rules are rarely enforced); dog access to beaches often seasónal
- Dog-friendly hotels easy to find
- Off-leash walking is common
- Allowed on public transport
- Great way to meet people!
- Eliminating aggressive dog list

Not so great at picking up the poop... but saw people rinsing sidewalk with water after pee.

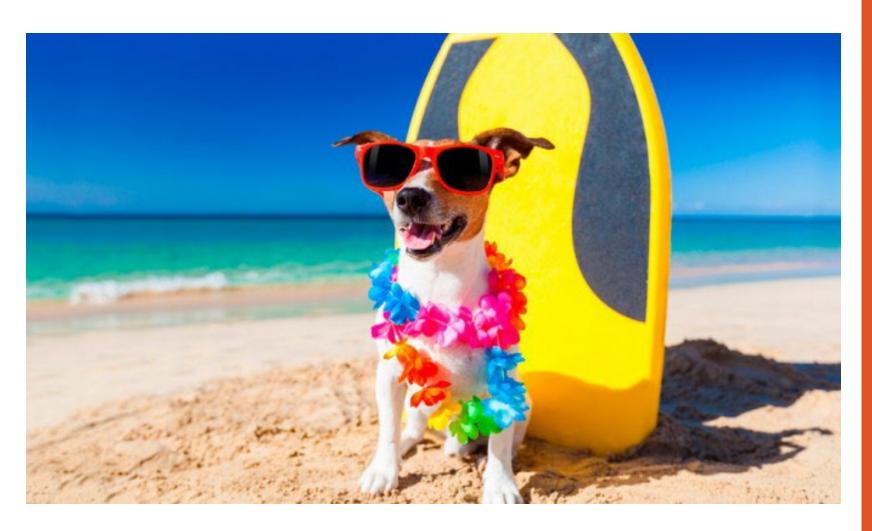


https://wetnosees capades

To DIY Or Outsource?

Relocation Services:

- The easiest solution
- Only option for more than one pet per person
- Expensive!



Flying

Flying:

- Stressful for pet and owner
- Limitations on number of animals per traveler
- Some breeds (snub-nosed) are not permitted to fly in any scenario
- They count as carry-on luggage, reducing your potential bag count for a move
- Fastest option
- Expensive (but far less to do it yourself than to hire someone)



Airline Requirements And Limitations



- Weight (for cabin/cargo)
- Dimensions (for cabin/cargo)
- Container specifications (for cabin/cargo)
- Snub-nosed breeds
- Number of animals per person
- Seasons
- Departure and arrival times

Spain's Restrictions And Requirements

- You must enter the country through Barcelona, Madrid, Malaga, Tenerife Sur, or Valencia airports.
- PPPs (perro potencialmente peligroso): Pit bull terrier, Staffordshire bull terrier, American Staffordshire terrier, rottweiler, Dogo Argentino, Fila Brasilero, Tosa Inu, and Akit Inu must be registered 3 months prior to entering the country and must be muzzled to pass security.
- High rabies / "Unlisted countries" must have titer test.
- Island rules: Tenerife requires 24 hours notice
- UK rules under review; UK pet passport currently still valid



Animal Requirements And Restrictions



- Age animals under a certain age can't fly (typically 3 months); might not be advisable for old dogs.
- Rabies Waiting period of 21 days after primary vaccine, no waiting period after boosters. Titer test for "unlisted countries"/high rabies takes an additional 3 months prior to travel
- Microchip Must have 15-digit, ISO-11784/5-compliant microchip
- Other Vaccines Dogs: Distemper, Parvovirus, (Hepatitis, Leptospirosis optional)
- Other Internal and external parasite treatments up to date

Paperwork...

- International Health Certificate (<u>called 7001 in the U.S.</u>) filled out by a USDA- or CFIA-certified vet within 30 days of departure.
- Must have a Spanish version as well as English.
- The health certificate must be endorsed by the USDA or CFIA office (~\$30 fee) within 10 days of travel. This takes up to 20 days by regular mail; if there's an office near you, you can make an appointment to take it in person and it will be done on the spot. (If done by mail, you must have a self-addressed and stamped envelope for the return.)



Paperwork...



The health certificate must be authenticated at the nearest consulate of your new home (~\$30 fee).

• Canada:

Coming from Canada, <u>before</u> you have your documents authenticated at the consulate, they must be legalized by Global Affairs Canada (Department of Foreign Affairs).

• U.S.:

Coming from the U.S., <u>after</u> you have had it authenticated by the USDA, you must have it apostilled by the <u>Secretary of State</u>.

Get Ready To Fly!

- Pack their crate with a piece of clothing or towel that smells like you
- Make sure you have extra food for the trip and post-arrival
- Bring a couple of favorite toys so their new home feels like home
- Have some treats for throughout/upon arrival
- Go overboard with the crate tagging if they're going cargo—you can't have too many addresses on there!
- Don't forget all the paperwork!



Other Animals?



- Rodents, rabbits, and reptiles must be declared parasite-free by a vet within 5 days of travel; can't bring more than 5
- Birds require:
 - a veterinary certificate in Spanish
 - a declaration of non-commercial intention
 - Must be covered by CITES
 - Must have been in isolation for 30 days prior to travel; or had 2 vaccines against avian influenza with the H5 vaccine between 60 days and 6 months of travel; or 10 days of isolation and a test for H5N1; or 30 days of quarantine in Spain.
 - Can't bring more than 5
 - May need export documents form home country

If your pet is not a dog, cat, or ferret—and especially if it is a turtle or parrot—verify that it is not protected under the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES). You will need to apply for additional permits if this is the case. Over 180 countries participate and enforce CITES regulations.

In any of these cases, you should work closely with he relevant authority of your country and that of your new home

After You Arrive...



- You may or may not need to check in with the customs authorities at the airport after arrival...
- Apply for an EU Pet Passport (dogs, cats, ferrets) within a few months of arrival...

• Don't expect them to settle right in...

